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General Public Utilities • Electric Power Research Institute • U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission • U.S. Department of Energy

FIELD MEASUREMENTS AND INTERPRETATION OF TMI-2 INSTRUMENTATION: CF-1-PT3

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Section 1

INTRODUCTION

During and following the TMI-2 accident, a number of instruments failed or were suspected of providing erroneous readings. Because of this problem, industry concerns were focused upon the behavior of instrumentation under adverse conditions. To better understand failure mechanisms, the Technical Integration Office (TIO) contracted Technology for Energy Corporation (TEC) to perform field measurements on a set of selected TMI-2 instruments to determine in-situ operating characteristics. For some instruments, these measurements were to be performed prior to removal (and replacement with new instruments) in order to have a cross reference with post-removal observations. For other instruments, an indication of the condition of the instrument (i.e., fully operational or failed) was desired.

This report describes the measurements and results on the Core Flood Tank 1B pressure monitor CF-1-PT4. This instrument consists of a Foxboro Model E11GM-HSAE1 electronic absolute pressure transmitter connected to a readout module by approximately 600 feet of cable through a penetration and an instrument mounting terminal block. This instrument was one of the few primary loop pressure monitors that was believed not failed during the accident. As a result, measurements on this instrument were performed to determine if it was properly functioning or if it had suffered some degradation.

1-1

Section 2

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INSTRUMENT LOCATION, CABLING, AND TERMINATIONS

A review of appropriate drawings from Foxboro and Burns & Roe (itemized in the Appendix in the measurement procedure, pages A-5 and A-6) resulted in the composite electrical diagram shown in Figure 2-1. From this information, a list of the appropriate termination points for performing measurements in Control Cabinet 156 was generated and is given in Table 2-1. Figure 2-1 also indicates the cable lengths pulled during instrument installation and lengths after trimming between each termination and/or junction point.

The pressure sensing assembly is a Foxboro Model E11GM-HSAE1 which is shown in a cross-sectional view in Figure 2-2. This instrument has a normal range of 0-750 psia producing a 10-50 ma current output. The electrical diagram of the detector circuit is also shown in Figure 2-2.

Since measurements were being made in Control Cabinet 156, the effect of the readout meter (attached to the signal line) was also present on the observed instrument response. However, since this readout was located outside containment, it did not experience severe operating environments, and thus was not considered to have failed.

2-1



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Figure 2-1. CF-1-PT4 Composite Electrical Diagram.

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Table 2-1

TERMINATION POINTS FOR CF-1-PT4 MEASUREMENTS

Signal	Cabinet 156 Identification*	
+Signal	TBB-9-3/4	
-Signal	TBB-9-3/5	
Shield	TBB -9- 3/3	

*From cable IT1722I

en de



a. Cross Sectional View.



b. Electrical Schematic.

Figure 2-2. Foxboro Model EllGM Design.

Section 3

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MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

As a result of generating the composite electrical diagram and from a review of the Foxboro ELLA Series Electronic Absolute Pressure Transmitters technical information literature, measurements to be performed were identified as:

- 1. Determine as-found condition of pressure indication and record signal output.
- Perform passive measurements (i.e., passively monitor signals) on each electrical connection consisting of time domain waveforms, very high frequency spectrum analysis (i.e., MHz region), and frequency spectra below 100 kHz.
- 3. Perform resistance, capacitance, impedance, and Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR) active measurements (i.e., actively introducing a test signal).

These measurements were designed to verify the operation of the Readout Module and the power supplies, but the focus of the measurement was on the pressure sensing assembly, cabling, and terminations/connections to the assembly. The Appendix contains the detailed procedure which was followed during the measurement program, and a summary of measurements is presented in the next section.

3-1

Section 4

MEASUREMENTS

Since the pressure signal from CF-1-PT4 was a 10-50 ma current loop, a test fixture was needed to convert this current to voltage for field measurements. A sketch of the test fixture used for this conversion is given in Figure 4-1. However, before insertion of the test fixture into the circuit, the readout of CF-1-PT4 was recorded as 170 psi to insure that the fixture did not affect the device. Following the test fixture insertion, the readout was 170 psi. Since there was no noticeable change in the readout, it was not believed that this load affected the instrument responses.

After the insertion of the test fixture and verification of CF-1-PT4 output reading, the 1-5 volt signal from the connections on the test fixture was recorded for approximately 10 minutes on a FM recorder. During this recording, the DC voltage was measured (with a Keithley Model 177 DVM) as 1.91 volts, or equivalently 19.1 ma current.

The next measurement consisted of photographing the output waveform from the screen of a storage oscilloscope. Figure 4-2 shows the results of these time trace measurements for two different time scales. Along with the time traces, both high and low frequency spectra (frequency domain) were taken of the signal. Figure 4-3 shows the measured spectrum over both a 6 MHz 400 kHz bandwidth, while Figure 4-4 shows spectra over both 100 kHz and 1 kHz ranges.

4-1



*Note: 100 ohm resistance converts 10-50 ma range to 1-5 volts for testing.



4-2



Photo 108-1 Time - 2msec/div Gain - 50 mV/div



Photo 108-2 Time - 50µsec/div Gain - 50 mV/div





Frequency (MHz)

Photo 108-3 BW - 3 KHz Scan width - 1 MHz/div Scan time - 1 sec/div

-20db

-20db





Frequency (kHz)

Figure 4-3. High Frequency Spectra of Pressure Signal.





Following the frequency spectra measurements, electrical calibration was performed on the CF-1-PT4 readout module by a TMI technician. No significant adjustments were noted during this calibration. After electrical calibration, power was removed from CF-1-PT4. The test fixture was removed and all signal lines between cable IT1722I and cabinet 156 were disconnected.

A series of active measurements (i.e., actively introducing a test signal into the circuit) was then performed. Table 4-1 shows the results of capacitance, impedance, and DC resistance measurements on the field cable lines. A set of TDR measurements was taken on the signal lines to determine possible cable defects. The resulting TDR traces are shown in Figures 4-5 to 4-7.

4-6

4-7

Table 4-1

CAPACITANCE, IMPEDANCE, AND RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

	Capacitance (nF)		Impedance (ohms)				
Signal	100Hz	1kHz	100kHz	100Hz	1kHz	100kHz	Resistance
+Signal -Signal	4	3.4	35	OF	0,F	48	0F [†]
+Signal Shield	*	20	32	OF	OF	49	OF
-Signal Shield		18	34		6K	44	OF

*Indicates data was erratic.

⁺Indicates overflow, i.e., above 20 x 10^6 ohms.

4-8

STRIP CHART 108-1



'etting = 500µp/div
Range = 52.6 ft/div
'ensitivity = 0.25
Filter = 5 Hz
Cable dielectric = other

Figure 4-5. TDR Trace of Pressure Signal Lines.



Figure 4-6. TDR Trace of (+) Signal to Shield.

STRIP CHART 108-2

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ctting = 500up/div
'arge = 52.6 ft/div
crositivity = 0.25
Filter = 5 Hz
Calile dielectric = other

STRIP CHART 108-3

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Section 5

INTERPRETATION OF MEASUREMENTS

This section presents a summary of the interpretation of the measurements taken on CF-1-PT4. This interpretation is intended to indicate the condition of the device based on observed data.

Since this device varies from 10-40 ma for a 750 psi pressure range, the observation of 170 psi readout indicates that the current should be 19.07 ma. The measured current of 19.1 ma (1.91 volts across 100 ohms) matches within 1% of this expected value, which indicates the readout meter is correctly calibrated.

The time traces and frequency spectra do not indicate any serious contamination which would affect the DC readout. Table 5-1 lists the AC components present on the pressure signal. Note that even though up to 2.5 ma P-P fluctuations are present, readout devices normally respond at low frequencies. As a result, the worst-case effect of these AC variations is likely to be less than the 0.34 ma RMS value given for the 60 Hz components. Even with this relatively low value, this is an excessive noise level (approximately 1% of instrument range) and indicates a possible ground-loop problem.

The capacitance, impedance, and resistance data given in Table 4-1 is difficult to quantitatively interpret, but qualitative results are possible. The data indicates very low effective capacitance values, which would be expected from the amplifier section of the current loop driver. Other characteristics expected from the amplifier are extremely

5-1

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Table 5-1

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MAJOR AC COMPONENTS ON THE PRESSURE SIGNAL

Frequency	Amplitude
60 Hz and harmonics	34 mV RMS (0.34 ma RMS)
16 kHz	150 mV P-P (1.5 ma P-P)
16 kHz and harmonics	33 mV RMS (0.33 ma RMS)
160 kHz (broadband)	<1 mV RMS (<0.01 ma RMS)
Total Spectrum	250 mV P-P (2.5 ma P-P)

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high DC resistance values and decreasing impedance at higher frequencies. Since all expected phenomena are present, there is no obvious indication of instrumentation degradation from these measurements.

The results of TDR measurements performed on the cable (shown in Figures 4-5 to 4-7) are summarized in ble 5-2. Note that the lengths identified in the table are only approximate since no calibration of the cable resistance or insulation type was performed on the TDR instrument. As in other measurements, no indication of cabling problems is present in this data.

5-4

Table 5-2

SUMMARY	0F	TDR	MEASUREMENTS	

Signal Lines	Distance* (ft)	Description**	Probable Cause
<u></u>			
+Signal	189	Point R increase	Penetration R607
-Signai	505	Large R increase	Electronics
+Signal	37	Small continuous R increase	(?)
Shield	200 411-474 510	Point R increase Point R small increase Large R increase	Penetration R607 (?) Electronics
	32	Small continuous R	(?)
-Signal Shield	200 411-474 511	Point R increase Point R small increase Large R increase	Penetration R507 (?) Electronics

Note: Distances are not calibrated due to lack of prior information on the cable type which prevented calibration tests.

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*TDR to terminal block test cable (15 ft) not included in distance.

**R is the abbreviation for resistance.

 $^{\rm +} {\rm Interpretation}$ is difficult due to noisy signal.

Section 6

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the measurements, data reduction, and circuit analysis of CF-1-PT4, there is no indication of degradation of the instrument. The only abnormal contamination present in the pressure signal was the 16 kHz component. However, the amplitude of this signal was relatively low and, from other measurements performed at TMI, such a low-level 16 kHz component appears to be present on several unrelated instrument lines. Thus, this component is probably due to some common cause throughout the plant and is not a problem as long as the readout device properly discriminates against such high frequencies. In addition, the readout of another pressure monitor (CF-1-PT3) was noted to agree with the reading taken from CF-1-PT4. Checking the transmitter current output also produced the same current indication. Therefore, it appears that CF-1-PT3 is operational and probably calibrated since an independent monitor is producing the same output. However, there is a significant amount of 60 Hz ground loop noise present on the pressure signal which should be investigated.

APPENDIX

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ORIGINAL FIELD PROCEDURES AND DATA SHEETS FOR CF-1-PT4

Deserve Aston, PENNSYLVANIA 19014 - PHONE: (215) 358-3980 GENERATION CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE SYSTEM UNIT 2 208-12 EE MILE ISLAND JOB TICKET FORM (Page A-1 REQUEST DATE RECOMMENDED COMPONENT DESIGNATION OB TICKE PRIDRITY JOB TYPE LOCATION /UNIT 4P NUMBER MC. DAY COMP COMP 1D SYS • . 2 80 01 2 CM Z C 0 2 0 3 6 0 F Τ 4 ٢ Q p r 6 e OF SCRIBE MALFUNCTION MODIFICATION DESIRED CAUSE OF ALFUNCTION (IF KNOWN) SUPERVISOR'S ORIGINATOR'S Z Z/BO una 4 7 SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE DATE 0 1 **ORIGINATOR'S SIGNATURE** 0 77 Et K Trojert PLANT CONDITION WORK ORDER NUMBER ACCOUNT NPRD FAILURE START GC CODE NUMBER MIN DAY HR MO HDICD RF YR LR SU OP ۲S LOCATION SERIAL ▼ X0001 7 9 7 8 3万 03 6 0 R ${\boldsymbol{c}}$ STATUS OUTAGE REG CODE HOLD NUC SAFE CAUSE MJ: 2 CHG/MOD NUMBER AGENCY * CODE . 0 0 0 0 RESP LOCATION OR CONTRACTOR V APPROVA OMMENCE WORK MO . DA. ¥₽ Location Cable Rom, 305 devater Cotool Sulphy

> Limits and Precautions: a) Personnel

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Comply with the Provisions set forth in AP 1002 and Met Ed Safety Manual

b) Equipment

c) Environment

d) Nuclear

JOB TICKET (WORK PFQUEST) REVIEW - CLASSII Page A-2 NG CONTROL FORM

a):539(*3).

	JOB TICKET NUMBER_	C5714	
1.	Does work represent a change or modification to an existing system or component? If yes, an approved change modification is required per AP 1021.	Yes	No V
2a .	Does work requires an RWP?	Yes	No <u>v</u>
2 b.	Is an approved procedure required to minimize personnel exposure?	Yes	No <u> </u>
3 a.	Is work on a QC component as defined in GP 1008?	Yes	No_ 🗸
3 b.	If 3a is yes does work have an effect on Nuclear Sa. sty? If 3b is yes, PORC reviewed Superinten- dent approved procedure must be used.	Yes	No
4.	Agreement that a PORC reviewed, Superintendent approved procedure is not required for this work because it has no effect on nuclear safety. (Applies only if 3a is Yes and 3b is No).		
	UNIT SUPERINTENDENT DATE		
5a .	Is the system on the Environmental Impact list in AP 1026?	Yes	No
5b.	If 5a is YES, is an approved procedure required to limit environmental impact?	Yes	No <u> </u>
6.	Agreement that 5b is No. (Required only if 5a is Yes).		
	UNIT SUPT OF OPERATIONS DATE		
7.	Plant status or prerequisite conditions required for work. (Operating and/or shutdown)		
8.	DC Dept. review, if required in item No. 3.		
	DATE DATE		
9.	Does work require code inspector to be notified?	Yes	No_
10.	Supervisor of Mapplehance approval to commence work.		
11.	Maintenance Foreman Assigned J. R. Hilliert		
12.	Code Inspector Notified Name	Date	
13.	Shift Foreman's approval to commence work	Date 📿	
	Initial if Shift Foreman signature is not required		
			TMI-154 2-80

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WORK REQUEST PROCEDURE TMI Nuclear Station

Maintenance and Approval

Page A-3

 \mathcal{Z} Unit No.

This form outlines the format and acts as a cover sheet for a maintenance procedure. Due to the limited size of the form, additional pages may be attached as required. Work Request procedure AP 1016 Section 6 should be used as a guide in preparing the maintenance procedure.

1 Procedure Title & No.: Sensor l'able measurements for CF-1-PT4 Core Flood Tank B Prossure. Purpose: To determinegigned characteristics of sensor/soble as it exists in Reacter Building. 2. 3. Description of system or component to be worked on. NF-1-PT4 4 References: See Harlin 5. Special Tools, and Materials required. * Secritado 6. Detailed Procedure (attach additional pages as required) Supervisor of Maintenance recommends approval Date - Kevra PORC RECOMMENDS APPROVAL Unit No. 1 Chairman Date Unit No. 2 Chairman Date UNIT SUPERINTENDENT APPROVAL Unit No. 1 Date Unit No. 2 Date Standing Procedure Supervisor of QC Date Note: These approvals required only on Nuclear Safety Related/Radiation work permit jobs.

	TITLEIN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS FROM CORE FLOOD TANK B PRESSURE CF-1-PT4 Page A-4	NO. TP-108 REV. 0			
Technology for Energy Corporation	Arroven	DATE			
PROCEDURE	M.V. Mathis, Director, Tech. Serv. Div.	9-16-80			
<u>PURPOSE</u> : The purpose of these measurements is to gather baseline data and infor- mation in preparation for removal of the <u>Force Balance Transmitter</u> CF-1-PT4 from the Reactor Building TMI Unit 2. The tests specified in this proce- dure are designed to assess the condition of the in-containment transmitter associated cabling, and readout devices. This assessment will require the use of Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR), Impedance (Z), Spectral Analysis (frequency domain), and general oscilloscope obser- vations (with recording) of waveforms from/to the unit under test (UUT).					
<u></u>					
A. Limitations and Prec	autions				
1. <u>Nuclear Safety</u> . system and is nu	The unit is part of the engineered reactor lcear safety-related.	safeguards d Tank & Pressore			
 Environmental Sa out-of and resto environment. 	fety. Force Balance Transmitter CF-1-PT4 c red to services without producing a hazard	an be taken to the			

- 3. <u>Personnel Safety</u>. The test described herein produces no additional personnel safety hazards other than normally associated with performing instrument testing.
- Equipment Protection. In the performance of each test described herein, care will be taken to insure adequate equipment protection as follows:
 - a. In all cases actual test hookups to the Unit-2 instrumentation shall be made and verified by Instrumentation Personnel.
 - b. All passive measurements (Spectral Analysis and Oscilloscope observations) of waveforms and signals from powered instruments shall be performed using high input impedance probes or inputs (Z = > 1 Meg ohm) to prevent loading of signals.
 - c. In all Time Domain Reflectometry and Impedance measurements, power will be removed from the unit under test and low level test signals prescribed in Table 4-1 shall be utilized to perform cable integretary measurements on the appropriate instrumentation cables by inserting test signals on appropriate conductors of Cable IT17221. Terminations shall be removed and replaced on TB 8-9-3 of Cabinet 156.

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IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS FROM CORE FLOOD TANK PRESSURE CF-1-PT4 NC. TP-108

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Page A-5

Table 4-1 Active Measurements

Active Signal Parameter	Time Domain Reflectometry	Impedance
Voltage Frequency Current Other	225 mV nominal (into 50 ohm base) <u><</u> 10mA 225mV, 110 picosecond pulses	

d. In the calibration verification measurements section, baseline data on the as-found condition will be recorded prior to the performance of any adjustments or electronic calibrations.

B. Prerequisites

1 - 1

- 1. The Shift Supervisor/Shift Foreman shall be notified for concurrence prior to the performance of those measurements.
- Instrumentation personnel shall be assigned to assist in the performance of these measurements.
- 3. All measurements and test instrumentation shall be in current calibration (traceable to NBS).
- 4. The Shift Supervisor/Shift Foreman shall be notified prior to starting and upon completion of the measurements.
- C. Procedure for Performing Measurements

References:

- 1. Burns & Roe Dwg. 3024, Sh. 20.
- 2. Service Manual for Foxboro Series E10 Force-Balance Transmitter.
- 3. Burns & Roe Dwg. 3304, Sh. 24.
- 4. Burns & Roe Dwg. I.C. 3343, Sh. 4.

PAGE 2 of 11

	IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS TP-108	NC. TP-108
	TILE FROM CORE FLOOD TANK PRESSURE CF-1-P14	
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5.	Burns & Roe Dwg. 3343, Sh. 4.	
6.	Burns & Roe Dwg. 3304, Sh. 26.	
7.	Burns & Roe Dwg. 3304, Sh. 23.	
8.	Burns & Roe Dwg. 3024, Sh. 20.	
· 9.	Instruction Manual, Tektronix Model 1502 Time Domain Reflectometer.	
10.	Instruction Manual, Hewlett Packard Model 4274 Multifrequency LCR Meter.	
11.	Instruction Manual, Hewlett Packard Spectrum Analyzer (Model 141T, 8553B, 8552B Modules).	
12.	Instruction Manual, Nicolet Model 444A-26 Spectrum Analyzer.	
13.	Instruction Manual, Tektronix Model 335 Oscilloscope.	
14.	Instruction Manual, Lockheed Store-4 Recorder.	
- 15.	Instruction Manual, Tektronix SC502 Oscilloscope.	
16.	TEC Composite Electrical Connection Diagram, CF-1-PT4 (see attachment).	

SIGNAL	CABLE	CABINET 156
+ Sig	IT1722I	TB №9-3/4
- Sig	IT1722J	TB 8√9-3/5
SHLD	IT1 72 21	TB 8+9-3/3

STEPS

1. Notify Shift Supervisor/Shift Foreman of start of test on CF-1-Pï4.

2. Verify power is applied to CF-1-PT4.

3. Record present reading from CF-1-PT4 Readout Module.

PAGE ______ 3 of 11

NC. TP-108 IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS FROM CORE FLOOD TANK PRESSURE CF-1-PT4 TTLE FEV. 0 Page A-7 SIGNAL READING IN PSI CF-1-PT4 170 Readout 4. Remove all power from CF-1-PT4. 1 9/26/80 anature. Locate 5. Gpen-link TB & 9-3/4 in Cabinet 156. 1 9/19/Bi gnature/Date across terminalis 6. Insert TEC test fixture (100 ohm, 1.0% resistor) across-open link TB 8-9-3/4 per Figure 6-1 to convert 10-50 mA signal to voltage. Cabinet 156 FIGURE 6-1. To TB8+9-3/25 RED RED Gebinet Side 1 FICER 100 ohm 1:0 % To TB8-9-3/4 5 BLACK Send Side CUBINET BLACK NOTE: This circuit converts the 10-50 ma signal to 1-5 V for testing.

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		111		RE FLUUD TANK	PRESSURE UP-	1-P - 4	rev. C
			——— Ра	age A-8 -		:	
7. Aj	ррју ј	oower to CF	-1-PT4 and wai	t 10 minutes	for instrumen	t warm-up.	
8. R	ecord	present re	ading from CF-	1-PT4 Reaout	Module.		
			SI GNAL	READING	IN PSI		
			CF-1-PT4 Readout	170,	PSI		
9. Co Bi	onnect alance	* differer Transmitt	tial Condition er (TB 8 5 9-3/4	ing Amplifier ; in Cabinet	(TEC Model 9 156). Connec	01) to the t Model 901	Force output to
FN *1	M Reco NOTE:	Connectic (see Step	n across banan 6).	or 30 minutes a jacks 1&2 c	 Remove rec f current-to- 	voltage tex	completed. t fixture
Fr *1	M Reco NOTE: sing a easure	Connectic (see Step Keithley the DC Vo	Model 177 DMM Ditage or curre	or 30 minutes a jacks 1&2 c (or equivalen nt at the fol	 Remove rec f current-to- t, Range 0-20 lowing test p 	order when voltage tex 00 V, Preci oint.	completed. t fixture sion <u>+</u> 1%)
Fr *1	M Reco NOTE: sing a easure	Connectic (see Step Keithley the DC Vo SIGNAL	Model 177 DMM ltage or curre	or 30 minutes a jacks 1&2 c (or equivalen nt at the fol TEST LEAD	 Remove rec f current-to- t, Range 0-20 lowing test p <u>READ</u> 	order when voltage tex 00 V, Precis oint. <u>ING</u>	t fixture
Fr *1	M Reco NOTE: sing a easure	Connectic (see Step Keithley the DC Vo <u>SIGNAL</u>	Model 177 DMM Model 177 DMM ltage or curre <u>CABINET 156</u> TB 8-≤9-3/4 TB 8-≤9-3/4	or 30 minutes a jacks 1&2 c (or equivalen nt at the fol <u>TEST LEAD</u> (+) (-)	 Remove rec f current-to- t, Range 0-20 lowing test p READ Signal _/ 	order when voltage tex 00 V, Precis oint. <u>ING</u> <u>905 VOC</u>	<pre>completed. t fixture sion + 1%) </pre>

()- T Stil 9/25/90 Signature/Date

11. Using a Tektronix Model SC502 (or equivalent) oscilloscope observe the waveform at the following test point:

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IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS FROM CORE FLOOD TANK PRESSURE CF-1-PT4 Page A-9 <u>SIGNAL</u> CABINET 156 PARAMETER

*a.	TB 9 √9-3/4 TB 8 √9-3/4	SIG	Photo <u>108-1</u> Time Base <u>2005</u> Vert Gain <u>50M</u>	Photo <u>108-2</u> Time Base <u>Dins</u> Vert Gain <u>50MV</u>	Photo Time Base Vert Gain

*Across test fixture banana jacks 1&2 (see Step 6).

Sync the oscilloscope and photograph the waveform using up to three time base and vertical gain settings. Mark the back of the photographs with the instrument tag number and parameter measured.

gnature/Date

12. Using a Hewlett-Packard Spectrum Analyzer (Models 141T, 8553B and 8552 or equivalent) perform an analysis of the following signal for spectral content:

<u>S I GNAL</u>	CABINET 156	PARAMETER	<u> PHOTO #</u>
*a•	TB 8¥9-3/4 TB 8¥9-3/4	SIGNAL	08-3 108-4

*Across test fixture banana jacks 1&2 (see Step 6).

Before photographing each scope display adjust analyzer for best spectral resolution. Record critical analyzer parameters e.g., RF bandwidth, RF bandwidth and sweep speed on rear of photograph as well as parameter analyzed.

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NC. TP-108 IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS TTE FROM CORE FLOOD TANK PRESSURE CF-1-PT4 REV. 0 Page A-10 SPECTRUM IDENT AMPLITUDE REMARKS FREQUENCY BANDWOTH SCAN WIDTH INDUT WITH SCONTINE LOGREF SEN PAUL 1560 - ZOdb 0 1083 3KH3 IMEGH3. D O U.JSEC -zadb a 128-3 KN2 U. MGENNS UK ATS A 9/35/EU

13. Using the Nicolet Model 444 FFT Analyzer (or equivalent) perform FFT analysis of signals for the following test point:

SIGNAL	CABINET 156	PARAMETER	<u>PHOTO #</u>
*a.	TB 8 ≈9-3/4 TB 8 / 9-3/4	SIGNAL	108-5 106-6

*Across test fixture banana jacks 1&2 (see Step 6).

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		IN-SITU MEASURE FROM CORE FLOOD	MENTS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS TANK PRESSURE CF-1-PT4	TP-108
		Daco A_1	1	. ~E √. 0
14.	Inside Cabinet 156 instrument shop pr record any signifi	perform usual electro ocedures. Attach ins cant adjustments or p	onic calibrations using app trument shop calibration da roblems in the space below.	licable ta sheet and
	Proces	dure P	Remarks	
	See att	ached instrument shop	procedure data sheet.	
			Instrument Shop Procedure No	0
			Signature/Dat	te
15.	Remove all power fi	rom CF-1-PT4.		
			O-TS ST Bignature/Dat	9/25/50
16.	Open links for fie (Cabinet 156) and n	ld wires from Cable I remove test fixture (*	T1722I at TB 8-9-3/3, 4, and installed in Step 6).	15
		TERMINAL	SIGNAL IDENT.	
-		TB 8 € 9-3/4	(+) SIGNAL	
	· · ·	TB 8€9-3/5	(-) SIGNAL	

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Signature/Date

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		IN-SITU MEASUREMEN FROM CORE FLOOD TA	TS OF CABLES AND SIGNALS NK PRESSURE CF-1-PT4
17.	Using the He the capacita	ewlett-Packard Model 4274 (or e ance and impedance at the follo	quivalent) Impedance Bridge, measure wing test points:
Г			• ·
	TEST POINT	FROM	то
	ä.	5-9-3/4 (+sig)	TB 9 ⊷9-3/5 (- Sig)
	b.	TB-8-9-3/4 (1516)	TB ₱≤9-3/3 (SHLD)
	c.	TB-E-9-3/5 (-SIG)	TB 8}≠,9-3/3 (SHLD)
		7 - 7	

Record the data required below:

Test Point	Capacitance				Impedanc	e
Frequency	100 Hz	1 kHz	1.00 kHz	100 Hz	1 kHz らだ	100 kHz
a. TB B -3/4:5	4154	3.4 Kj-	35Nj-	of.	4	485-107
b. TB &≼9-3/4:3	~	22N/-	35 N:J-	OF	0/-	45 - 20
c. TB 8-9-3/5:3	~	20 × 5.	32 NJ-	05	DF	445 L - 86

TS 9/25/80 Bignature/Data

18. Using the Tektronix Model 1502 (or equivalent) TDR unit peform TDR measurements on three test points and record the data below.

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			IN-SITU MEA	SUREMENTS OF CABLES A	ND SIGNALS	NC. TP-108
) / / *** *		de A-13	-1-1.14	₹£γ. 0
			-			
		Test Poi	nt	Instrument Settings Ampl Range Mul	Stri Char t Numbe	p t r
	a. 1	ſB 8 -9-3/4:5 ((+ Sig: - Sig))	B -108	8-1
	b. TB 8¥9-3/4:3 (+ Sig: SHLD)			,08	-2	
	c. 1	rB \$ ⊷9-3/5:3 (- Sig: SHLD)		108-	3
				<u> </u>)	A 9/2
19. Usir ment	ng the ts on	e Keithley Mod the test poir	lel 144 (or ec its specified	quivalent DMM) perform and record values in	resistance the space p	measure- rovided.
				POLARITY	POLAR	ΙΤΥ
				From = +; To = -	From = -;	To = +
TEST PO	DINT	FROM LINK	TO LINK	RESISTANCE	RESIS	TANCE
				R PEN	OPE	-~

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t 9/25/0 Signature/Date •

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TB 8←9-3/5 TB 8←9-3/3 TB 8←9-3/3

T8-8-4-3/4 8-9-3/4 8-9-**3**/5

a. b. c.

Testilite operate systems		IN-SITU MEASUREMENTS OF CABL	ES AND SIGNALS	NC. TP-108
		PROM CORE FLOOD TANK PRESSOR	(E UF-1-P14	≂ Ξγ. 0
 Close lin (Cabinet Notify the 	ks for field 156) and rest e Shift Super	wires from Cable IT1722I at TE ore power. visor/Shift Foreman of the cor	8 8-9-3, 4, and nclusion of test	5 ing NI-AMP-2.
I hereby certi all data has bo	fy that this een correctly	Test Procedure has been comple entered and filed as requeste	eted as written ed.	and that
		TEC Representative	<u>Signature/Date</u>	<u> 9 25 E</u> O
		Instrumentation	<u><u>N</u><u>R</u><u>J</u><u>O</u> Signature/Date</u>	104
		-		
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	•	PAGE 11 of 11		

GENERATION CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE SYSTEM CM STATUS ACTIVITY FORM

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TMI 199 5 80